

Endnotes to ~~2016~~ 2017 Standard Benefit Plan Designs

These endnotes and the Standard Benefit Plan Designs apply only to covered services.

Notes:

- 1) Any and all cost-sharing payments for in-network covered services apply to the out-of-pocket maximum. If a deductible applies to the service, cost sharing payments for all in-network services accumulate toward the deductible. In-network services include services provided by an out-of-network provider but are approved as in-network by the ~~carrier~~ issuer.
- 2) For covered out of network services in a PPO plan, these Standard Benefit Plan Designs do not determine cost sharing, deductible, or maximum out-of-pocket amounts. See the applicable PPO's Evidence of Coverage or Policy.
- 3) Cost-sharing payments for drugs that are not on-formulary but are approved as exceptions accumulate toward the Plan's in-network out-of-pocket maximum.
- 4) For plans except HDHPs ~~linked to HSA plans~~, in coverage other than self-only coverage, an individual's payment toward a deductible, if required, is limited to the individual annual deductible amount. In coverage other than self-only coverage, an individual's out of pocket contribution is limited to the individual's annual out of pocket maximum. After a family satisfies the family out-of-pocket maximum, the ~~carrier~~ issuer pays all costs for covered services for all family members.
- 5) For HDHPs ~~linked to HSAs~~, in other than self-only coverage, an individual's payment toward a deductible, if required, must be the higher of the specified deductible amount for individual coverage or ~~\$2600-X,XXX~~ \$2,600-X,XXX¹ for Plan Year ~~2016~~ 2017. In coverage other than self-only coverage, an individual's out of pocket contribution is limited to the individual's annual out of pocket maximum.
- 6) Co-payments may never exceed the plan's actual cost of the service. For example, if laboratory tests cost less than the \$45 copayment, the lesser amount is the applicable cost-sharing amount.
- 7) For the Bronze and Catastrophic plans, the deductible is waived for the first three non-preventive visits, which may include urgent care visits or outpatient Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder visits.
- 8) Member cost-share for oral anti-cancer drugs shall not exceed \$200 per month per state law.
- 9) In the Platinum and Gold Copay Plans, inpatient and skilled nursing facility stays have no additional cost share after the first 5 days of a continuous stay.
- 10) For drugs to treat an illness or condition, the copay or co-insurance applies to an up to 30-day prescription supply. Nothing in this note precludes an ~~carrier~~ issuer from offering mail order prescriptions at a reduced cost-share.

¹ IRS-supplied amount for 2017

- 11) As applicable, for the child dental portion of the benefit design, an carrier issuer may choose the copay or coinsurance child dental Standard Benefit Plan Design, regardless of whether the carrier issuer selects the copay or the coinsurance design for the non-child dental portion of the benefit design. In the Catastrophic plan, the deductible must apply to non-preventive child dental benefits.
- 12) Cost-sharing terms and accumulation requirements for non-Essential Health Benefits that are covered services are not addressed by these Standard Benefit Plan Designs.
- 13) Mental Health/Substance Use Disorder Other Outpatient Items and Services include post-discharge ancillary care services, such as counseling and other outpatient support services, which may be provided as part of the offsite recovery component of a residential treatment plan, but are not limited to, partial hospitalization, multidisciplinary intensive outpatient psychiatric treatment, day treatment programs, intensive outpatient programs, behavioral health treatment for PDD/autism delivered at home, and other outpatient intermediate services that fall between inpatient care and regular outpatient office visits.
- 14) Residential substance abuse treatment that employs highly intensive and varied therapeutics in a highly-structured environment and occurs in settings including, but not limited to, community residential rehabilitation, case management, and aftercare programs, is categorized as substance use disorder inpatient services.
- 15) Specialists include are physicians with a specialty as follows: allergy, anesthesiology, dermatology, cardiology and other internal medicine specialists, neonatology, neurology, oncology, ophthalmology, orthopedics, pathology, psychiatry, radiology, -any surgical specialty, otolaryngology, urology, and other designated as appropriate ~~(28 CCR § 1300.51(I)(1))~~.
- 16) The Other Practitioner category may includes Nurse Practitioners, Certified Nurse Midwives, Physical Therapists, Occupational Therapists, Respiratory Therapists, Clinical Psychologists, Speech and Language Therapists, Licensed Clinical Social Worker, Marriage and Family Therapists, Applied Behavior Analysis Therapists, acupuncture practitioners, Registered Dieticians and other nutrition advisors and other practitioners included in 28 CCR § 1300.67(a)(1). Nothing in this note precludes a plan from using another comparable benefit category other than specialist for a service provided by one of these practitioners.
- 17) The Outpatient Visit line item within the Outpatient Services category includes but is not limited to the following types of outpatient visits: outpatient chemotherapy, outpatient radiation, outpatient infusion therapy and outpatient dialysis and similar outpatient services.
- 18) The inpatient physician cost share may apply for any physician who bills separately from the facility (e.g. surgeon). A member's primary care physician

or specialist may apply the office visit cost share when conducting a visit to the member in a hospital or skilled nursing facility.

19) Cost-sharing for services subject to the federal Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act (MHPAEA) may be different but not more ~~less~~ than those listed in these standard benefit plan designs if necessary for compliance with MHPAEA.

~~17)20) Behavioral health tTreatment for autism and pervasive developmental disorder is covered under Mental/Behavioral health outpatient services.~~

~~18)21) Drug tiers are defined as follows:~~

Tier	Definition
1	1) Most generic drugs and low cost preferred brands.
2	1) Non-preferred generic drugs or;
	2) Preferred brand name drugs or;
	3) Recommended by the plan's pharmaceutical and therapeutics (P&T) committee based on drug safety, efficacy and cost.
3	1) Non-preferred brand name drugs or;
	2) Recommended by P&T committee based on drug safety, efficacy and cost or;
	3) Generally have a preferred and often less costly therapeutic alternative at a lower tier.
4	1) Food and Drug Administration (FDA) or drug manufacturer limits distribution to specialty pharmacies or;
	2) Self administration requires training, clinical monitoring or;
	3) Drug was manufactured using biotechnology or;
	4) Plan cost (net of rebates) is >\$600.

~~20) Plan formularies must include at least one drug in Tiers 1 or 2 or 3 if all FDA-approved drugs in the same drug class would otherwise qualify for Tier 4 and at least 3 drugs in that class are available as FDA-approved drugs.~~

221) Issuers must comply with 45 CFR Section 156.122(d) dated February 27, 2015 which requires the health plan to publish an up-to-date, accurate and complete list of all covered drugs on its formulary list including any tiering structure that is adopted.

232) A plan's formulary must include a clear written description of the exception process that an enrollee could use to obtain coverage of a drug that is not included on the plan's formulary.

~~23) For 2016, a carrier may offer a plan with two in-network facility tiers if the lowest-cost tier network (Tier 1), complies with the cost-sharing requirements in the standard benefit plan design, meets state network adequacy and timeliness standards as applied by the applicable regulator and the carrier demonstrates that the two in-network facility tiers are in the best interest of the consumer as determined by Covered California on a case-by-case basis, based on premium~~

~~stability, price, quality, choice and value. For non-Qualified Health Plans, the applicable regulator will review.~~

- 24) The health issuer may not impose a member cost share for Diabetes Self-Management which is defined as services that are provided for diabetic outpatient self-management training, education and medical nutrition therapy to enable a member to properly use the devices, equipment, medication, and supplies, and any additional outpatient self-management training, education and medical nutrition therapy when directed or prescribed by the member's physician. This includes but is not limited to instruction that will enable diabetic patients and their families to gain an understanding of the diabetic disease process, and the daily management of diabetic therapy, in order to avoid frequent hospitalizations and complications.